Glassboro Education Foundation, Inc.

Send the completed application to the attention of:

Dr. Robert Preston

Beach Administration Building

Joseph L. Bowe Blvd

Glassboro, NJ 08028

A. General Information		SEP	N 1	2
Applicant(s):Dr. Joseph Bell	ř.	-		
School:Glassboro High School			3	,
Principal:Dr. Monique Stowman-Burke			_	
Grade Level or Subject:9-12			_	
Phone: (school)856-652-2700×1101(Home):8	356-298-321	3	_	
E-mail(s): jbell@gpsd.us				

B. Statement of Assurances:

The applicant hereby assures the Glassboro Education Foundation that:

- 1. The applicant(s) meet(s) the eligibility criteria.
- 2. The activities and services for which the grant is sought will be implemented as written.
- 3. Any monies not expended within the school year shall revert back to the Glassboro Education Foundation, unless permission to carry it into the next school year is granted.
- 4. All publicity releases regarding a funded project will acknowledge the Glassboro Education Foundation and/or a particular mini-grant sponsor as the funding agency.
- 5. The grant recipient(s) will submit a final report summarizing the project's evaluation results.
- 6. The Board of Education authorizes the filing of this application.

We do hereby certify that all of the facts, figures and representations made in this application are true and correct to the best of our knowledge and that the assurances as stated above are understood and will be followed in their entirety.

Signature of Applicant

Signature of Principal

Please note: from this page on, please <u>do not include your name or your school</u> in any of your descriptions as all applications are coded to prevent bias.

C. Project Title and Description

Title of Project:	_Hands on Chemistry ⁻	Through Modeling	<u></u>
Subject Area(s):	Chemistry		
Approximate Number	of Students Participat	ing:1	00
Project Startina Date	: 12 September 2022	Project Completion Date:	14 June 2023

Need: Describe the problem or deficiencies that exist which require the improvements described.

As educators teaching in the fields of chemistry and biology, we have taught molecular structure, function and shape of compounds and the properties of solutions. However, as our number of students with language barriers and differing cognitive skill levels increases in our science classes, we find that explaining concepts with pictures and notes to be less effective learning methods. Instead, providing students with tactile stimulation, like models and miniature measuring devices, would allow for all students to be involved and to learn simple and complex chemical concepts in their own way.

As a first year but experienced science teacher at Glassboro, I have the honor of not only joining an exceptional science team of Mrs. Susan Powers (AP/Honors Chemistry) and Mrs. Michele Memis (AP/Honors/CP Biology) and Mr. Paul Albert (AP/Honors/CP Physics) but also teaching both Honors and College Preparatory (CP) chemistry to students. In my opinion, all levels of students in the sciences can benefit from tactile learning using models that can be manipulated from atoms to single and complex chemical and biological molecules and compounds, types of chemical bonding and electronic forces, genetic structures such as DNA and RNA and organic structures for advanced placement courses. As a science team member, I would like to ensure that each student in the classroom has an accessible model kit throughout the year's coursework.

Currently, our science teachers do not have any modeling kits nor instruments for measuring the concentration or conductivity of solutions derived from such compounds or molecules. Moreover, in the absence of said items, critical areas of subject conceptual, tactile and visual scaffolding are extremely hampered at the expense of student understanding. To achieve student success and advancement in both chemistry and biology, it's essential that each student recognizes and connects that in both chemistry and biology atoms through their structure and transformation from a single atom to more complex compounds, molecules and cells are intertwined and thus the "building blocks of

life and all matter. Therefore, the addition of molecular modeling kits and solution conductivity instruments/meters would immeasurably facilitate our lesson scaffolding and classroom instruction in promoting student science learning and achievement.

Strategy: Briefly describe your plan to alleviate the need/problem.

I fully plan to include these models in my regular chemistry class as we discuss topic like:

- atoms & atomic structure
- the formation of ions
- the formation of covalent molecules & compounds
- covalent and ionic bonding
- the shape of water and its polarity
- the formation and structure of common everyday compounds
- the shapes of common molecules including tetrahedral, trigonal planar, linear and others · electron transfer during ionic bonding
- sharing of electrons and hybridization of orbitals during covalent bonding
- chemical réactions & change
- organic molecules and structure
- Genetic & medicinal molecules (i.e., DNA, RNA, insulin, ibuprofen/aspirin)
- Solutions and solution concentrations and conductivity

These are just some of the subjects and shared scientific ideas and concepts in chemistry and biology that will be affected by having modeling kits. From upper level AP chemistry down to the struggling student who just can't seem to understand, these models will have a huge impact on understanding and remediation of science misconceptions. In terms of the future, incorporating these models into our existing classroom structure should be relatively easy. In conjunction with online virtual programs, the use of models "in hand" by students will now allow them to build atomic, molecular and compound structures that are used in the lab and biologically and medicinally relevant, so that students can understand on a molecular level what is happening. Once incorporated, I contend that the use of models becomes not only a great way of teaching but most importantly, elevates the conceptual acuity of all students, thus leading to higher student achievement in the sciences.

Since solutions and their properties are an integral part of chemistry and biology, the conductivity apparatus kit provides students to test the properties of compounds and molecules dissolved in solutions. When used in partnership with the modeling kit, students can now construct visual representations of the compounds and/or molecules being dissolved in solution, while analyzing and testing its properties with the conductivity instruction/meter. When paired, the modeling kit and conductivity instrument/meter provides a platform for students to achieve higher order learning, especially in the areas of explaining the 'why's', the

'how's' and the interconnection between them.

Lastly, all of my co-teachers are so excited about the potential and ramifications of this grant in enriching student science learning and experience. If awarded, the model kits and conductivity apparatus will be used often in our lectures and explanations.

Outcomes

There have been extensive amounts of research done about student learning styles. As teachers, we realize that not all students respond to traditional verbal lectures, paper-based diagrams or online modeling programs. I assert that placing a model in the hands of a student takes a chemical concept from the abstract to the understandable.

In previous secondary teaching positions, I have been using modeling kits to help my students understand atomic structure, shapes and solubility. Based on student comments and their improved scores and achievement, the importance of having atoms "in hand" cannot be underscored.

Throughout our chemistry and biology class, students say that they like to 'touch' things in front of them that they would otherwise have to imagine or visualize. They also enjoy breaking away from the traditional means of learning to manipulate something other than their pencils. Another benefit of both the modeling and conductivity kits is improving student learning by providing a means of communicating in a meaningful way with my English-language learners. I have seen an increase in interest and understanding among my ESL students as I have worked to include more models in my classroom.

As a means of measuring progress, I plan on comparing this year's labs and tests to the scores next year. More importantly, I hope to see an increase in lab and test scores and a decrease in the amount of remediation and tutoring required for some of my more difficult topics. Lastly, I also plan on working with the other teachers on my team to continue to implement and document our progress.

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- D. Objectives, Activities and Evaluation Techniques (This page may be duplicated if necessary)
- where student acuity and scoring and achievement would be immeasurably enhanced by the awarding of the grant. Listed below are several chemistry topics and concepts that will be covered during the 2022-23 school year but
- Given that success in chemistry is based on student comprehension and expression of the transition of atoms from simple to complex compounds/molecules and the effect on their electronic properties.
- All Units topics are accompanied by Next Generation Science Standards (NGSS).

Objectives	Program Activities to	Completion	Evaluation Techniques	
	Accomplish Objectives	Date		
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	oms using an October	ry, 2022 the parts of the atom. Modeling and	Students will questioning are my main focus for this	draw/illustrate select unit. This activity really hit home with	atoms and molecules from getting students to do both. After	modeled forms completing the investigation students	Students will compare and	contrast structural Exit Slip that summarizes PS1.A and	properties of select atoms	from the Periodic table teaching needs to occur. If more	teaching needs to occur, students can	either revise their concept maps, or if	a good portion of the class is	struggling, the following class will	begin by going over the Build an Atom	investigation. Formative assessment	will incorporate models and concept	notes while the summative is based on	their submitted modeling lab.					
E		 Obj: Students will model the guided inquiry, 	structure of atomic particles in		location (NGSS: HS-PS1; DCI:	Structure and Properties of mode	Matter; SEP: Developing and • Stud	Using Models; CC: Patterns)	prope	from														

Unit: Periodic Table and Trends	During initial lessons, I lead	October -	Students will be assessed through
Based on PowerPoint slides, students	students through the trends. My November	November	various measures through the unit.
will be able to explain the trends for	goal is for students to learn what	2022	 Formative assessment based on
electronegativity, ionization energy,	the trends are but also		inquiry based graphing periodic
and atomic size on the Periodic Table	understand why the trends		trends activity sheet
by performing an activity, taking	occur.		 Construction of color
notes, modeling and doing practice	 Inquiry based - Students 		coordinated períodic table
questions. (NGSS: HS-PS2; DCI:	groups will be given		highlighting Periodic Trends
Structure and Properties of Matter;	periodic trend data to		 Formative assessment on notes
SEP: Developing and Using Models and	analyze, and interpret.		and properties and modeling
Obtaining, Evaluating and	Students will record their		diagram
Communicating Information; CC:	analyses on a graphing		 Summative assessment
Patterns and Structure and Function)	periodic trends activity		continuing multiple choice, short
	sheet to compare to an		responses and matching on
	answer key.		Periodic Trends
	 Student will construct 		
	atomic structure models		
	of atoms across a		
	period/row and down a		
	group to evaluate the		
	properties of each trends		
	 Present videos on Periodic 		
	Trends (i.e. atomic radii,		
	ionization energy,		
	electronegativity)		
	 Using a periodic table, 		
	students will construct a		
	color coordinated map of		₹ [†]
	Periodic Trends for future		
	references.		

Unit: Moles and Molar Mass	Students will perform	December	Students will be assessed through
Students will be able to explain the	dimensional analysis based on	2022 -	various measures through the unit.
concept of a mole and molar mass and	PowerPoint problems, online	January 2023	 Formative assessment based on
be able to perform mole-mass	chemistry program on molar		inquiry based the calculation of
conversions through lab activities,	concentration (i.e., PhET)		molar concentration of select
notes, whiteboards, and practice	 Students will learn 		compound
calculations. (NGSS: HS-PS1-7; DCI:	scientific notations and		 Construction and diagram of
Chemical reactions; SEP: Using	significant figures		ionic/covalent compound models
Mathematical and Computational	 Students will calculate the 		undergoing phase changes
Thinking and Scale, Proportions and	molar concentration of		 Formative assessment on notes
Quantity; CC Energy and Matter)	select and unknown		and graphic representation of
	compounds based on		experimental data
	reference data		 Summative assessment
	 Students will learn to use 		continuing multiple choice, short
	a science balance to		responses and matching the
	determine concentration		properties and dimensional
	from molar data		analysis calculations of select
			compounds
			 Dimensional analysis of
			daily used ionic versus
			covalent compounds

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Unit: The Energy of Phase Changes	Inqu
Students will be able to explain how	will
the effect of phase changes on	conc
molecules.compounds and be able to	COVO
perform calculations using latent heat	thei
of fusion and vaporization through	of w
taking notes, working with partners,	•
watching a video, performing a lab,	
and answering practice questions	

and forces; SEP: Developing and atoms and the effects on their Students will develop and use electrons in solution. (NGSS: Relationship between energy Using Models; CC: Cause and interaction of two or more HS-PS3 and HS-PS5; DCI: electron cloud and valence models to learn about the effect)

2023 ulent compounds to determine centration of select ionic and r effect on the boiling point uiry based lab(s): Students calculate the molar

compounds will be modeled The structural properties of ionic and covalent

illustrated through physical/chemical

and their

drawing/graphic programs. Students will graph and

compare the difference in boiling points based on concentration and

Students will measure the different compounds

conductivity of solutions based on concentration and type of compound

findings with reference Students will compare data through graphic their experimental extrapolation

Students will be assessed through various measures through the unit

January -February

- Formative assessment based on inguiry based the calculation of molar concentration of select compound
- ionic/covalent compound models Construction and diagram of undergoing phase changes
 - Formative assessment on notes and graphic representation of experimental data
- continuing multiple choice, short properties and effects of ionic responses and matching the versus covalent compounds. Summative assessment
- daily used ionic versus Determination of the types of commonly or covalent compounds

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E. Itemized Budget

Materials/Equipment	Services	Evaluation Techniques
Item(s): 1 Chemistry Molecular Model Kit 444PCS Organic and Inorganic Modeling Students - Teacher Set with atoms bonds, a fullerene set and Instructional guide (Brand: Reliancer)		
<u>Cost:</u> \$31.85/kit (Amazon) 36 kits x \$31.85 = \$1,146.60		
<u>Item(s)</u> : 2 Flinn Conductivity Meter AP1493 <u>Cost:</u> \$36.00/item (Flinn, Inc) 30 kits x \$36.00 = \$1,080.00	* 4	
Sub-total: \$2,226.60		Grand Total